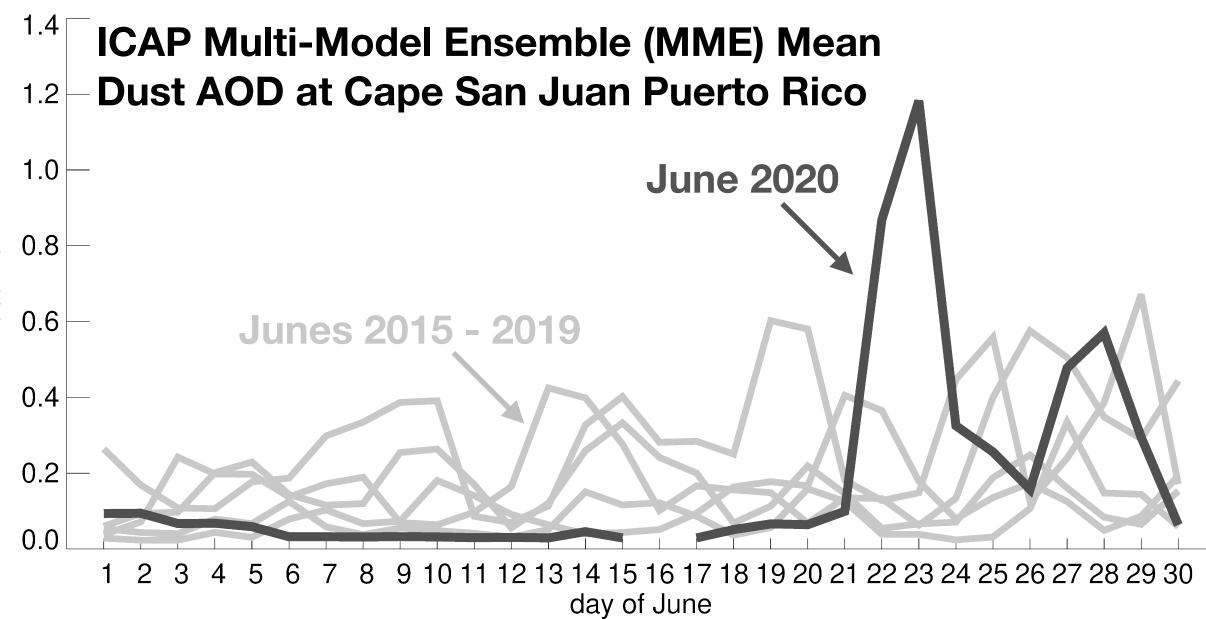


The Multi-Model International Cooperative for Aerosol Prediction (ICAP) Perspective on the Massive June 2020 Saharan Dust Event

Peter Colarco, NASA GSFC

Acknowledgements: Peng Xian, Jeff Reid (NRL), Oriol Jorba, Carlos Perez (BSC), Taichu Tanaka (JMA), Anton Darmenov, Arlindo da Silva (NASA), Zak Kipling, Melanie Ades, Angela Benedetti (ECMWF), Melissa Brooks (UKMO), Jeff McQueen (NCEP)

- The ICAP multi-model ensemble (MME) shows the June 2020 dust event results in dust AOD in Caribbean a factor of ~2 larger than any other June episode in the last 6 years
- Intermodel variability (7 models) for this event is high, also nearly a factor of 2 greater than what has been seen over the comparison period
- Models with aerosol data assimilation better match the AOD observed than models without

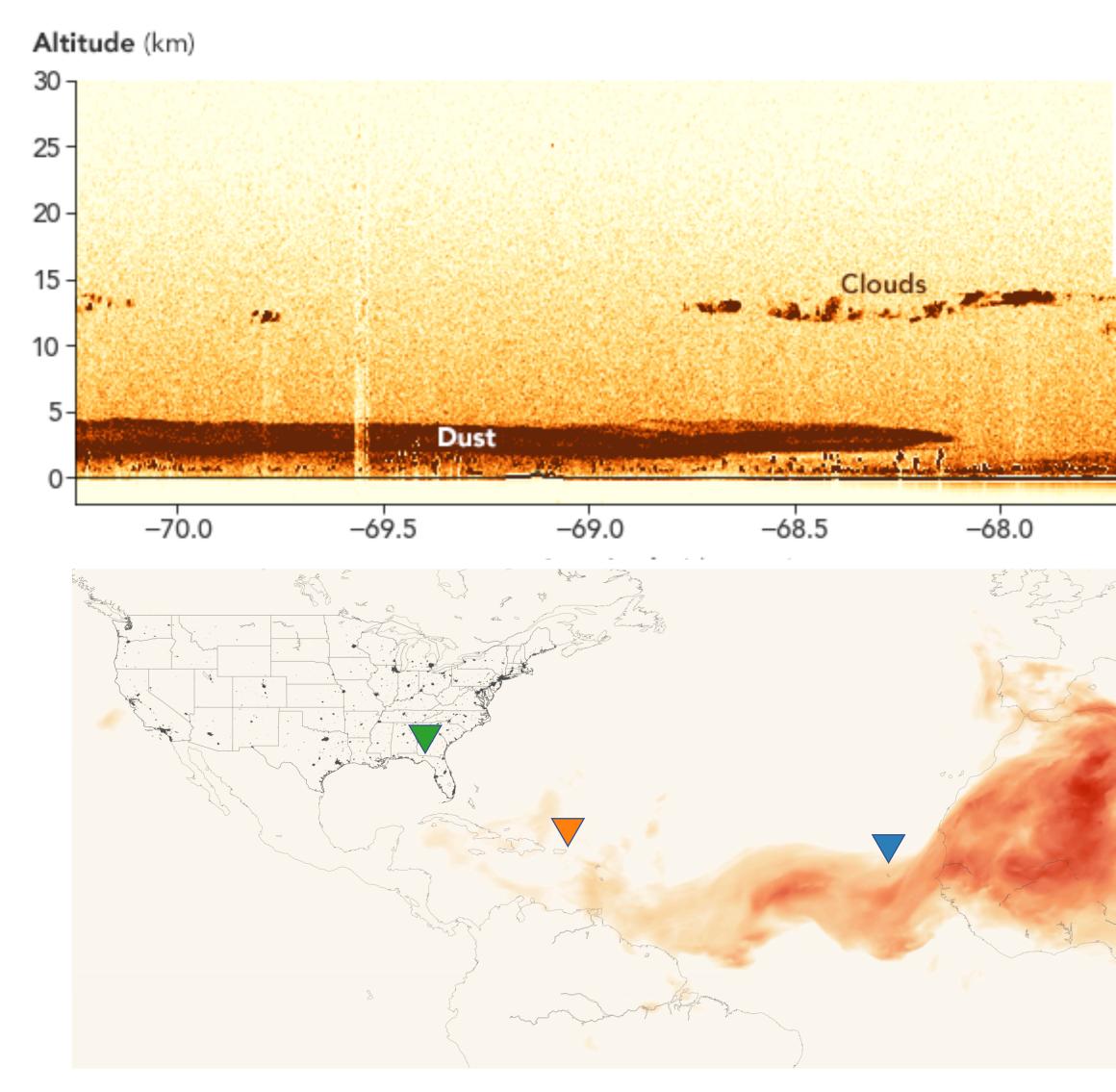


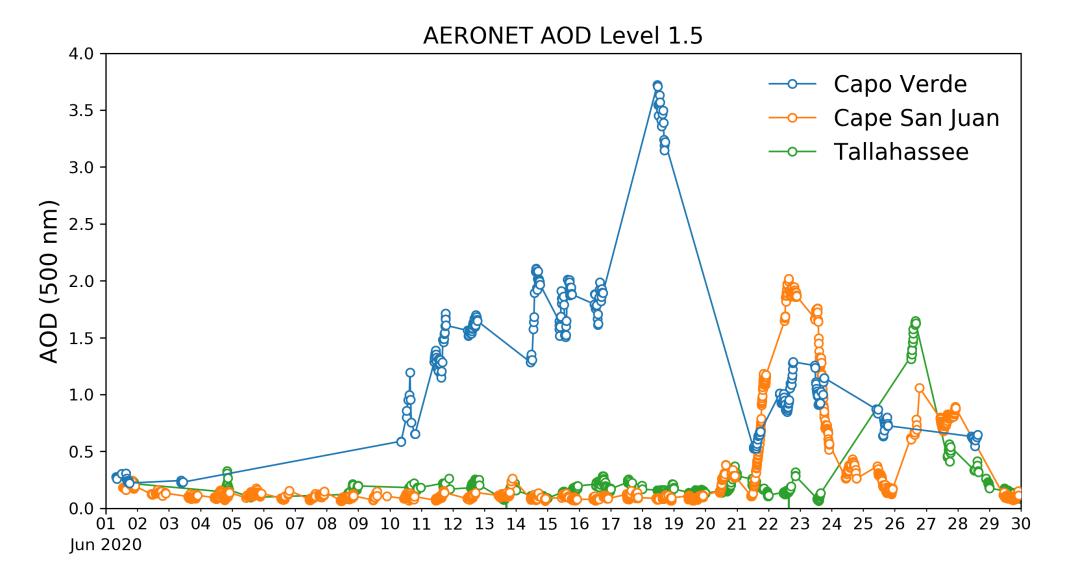


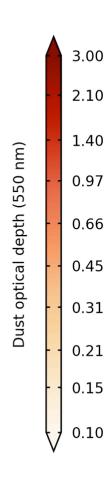
June 2020 Massive Dust Event

CALIPSC

-67.5



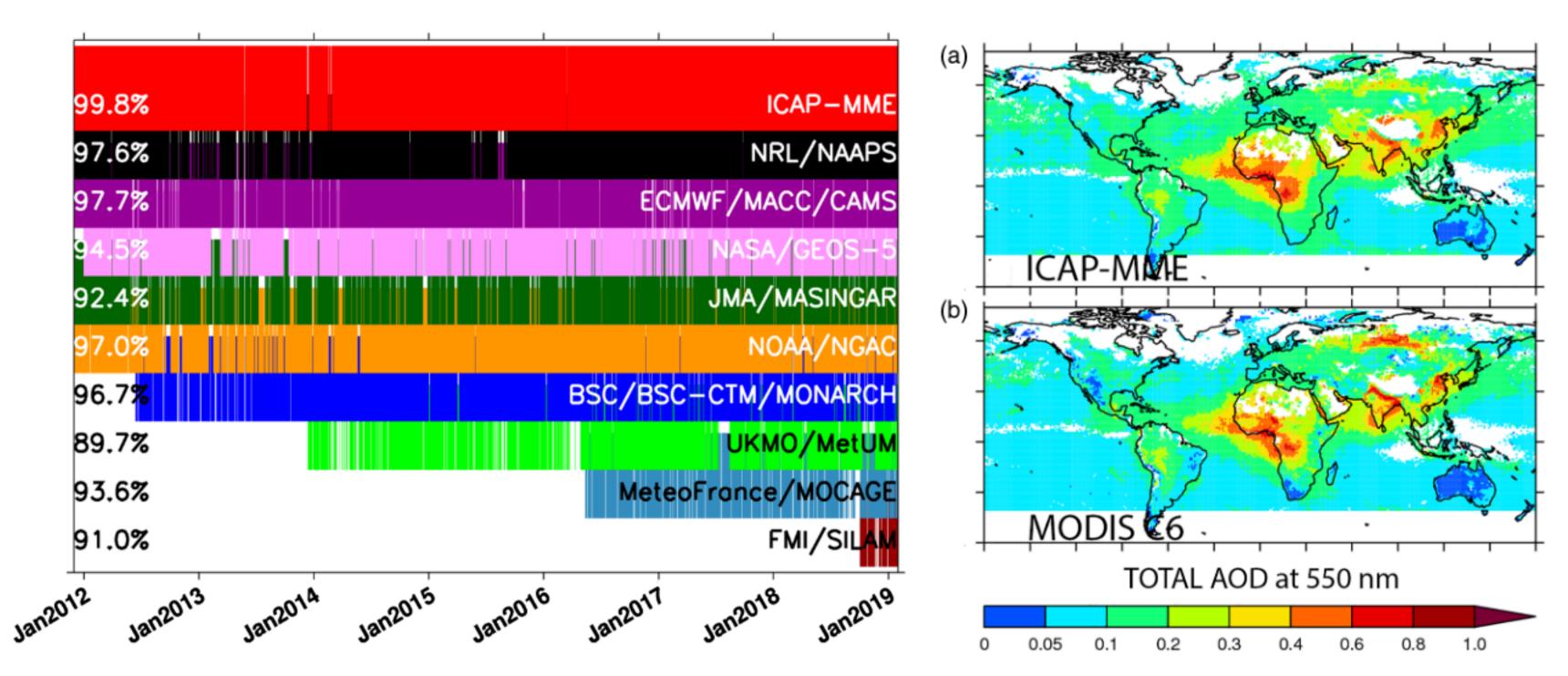




A high-pressure system off the west coast of Africa trapped enormous amounts of Saharan dust near their continental source regions. The break-down of this weather system in mid-June sent large pulses of dust traveling 1000s of kilometers westward across the Atlantic Ocean.

2020-06-01 00z



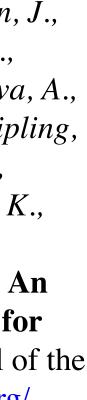


- The ICAP Multi-Model Ensemble (MME) aggregates inputs from (currently) nine global modeling centers
- The MME is produced with a \sim 1 day latency and provided at a global 1° x 1° horizontal resolution
- ICAP MME skill versus AERONET observations typically exceeds the skill of individual models

ICAP

Xian, P., Reid, J., Hyer, E., Sampson, C., Rubin, J., Ades, M., Asencio, N., Basart, S., Benedetti, A., Bhattacharjee, P., Brooks, M., Colarco, P., Silva, A., Eck, T., Guth, J., Jorba, O., Kouznetsov, R., Kipling, Z., Sofiev, M., Garcia-Pando, C., Pradhan, Y., Tanaka, T., Wang, J., Westphal, D., Yumimoto, K., Zhang, J. (2019). Current state of the global operational aerosol multi-model ensemble: An update from the International Cooperative for Aerosol Prediction (ICAP) Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society <u>https://dx.doi.org/</u> <u>10.1002/qj.3497</u>

• The International Cooperative for Aerosol Prediction (ICAP) is a grassroots community of model developers, data providers, and NWP center reps founded in 2010 and focused on global, near real-time aerosol prediction





Dust AOD June 23, 2020

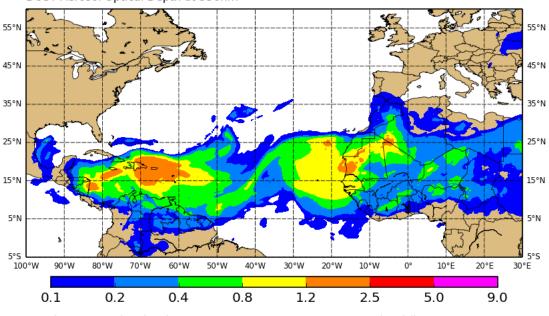
DUST Aerosol Optical Depth at 550nm 30°W 20°W 40°W 10°W 10°E 20°E 0.2 0.4 1.2 2.5 5.0 0.1 0.8 9.0 Plots Generated Wednesday 24 June 2020 11UTC NRL/Monterey Aerosol Modeling NOT OFFICIAL FNMOC RUN

Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC NAAPS Forecast t+000

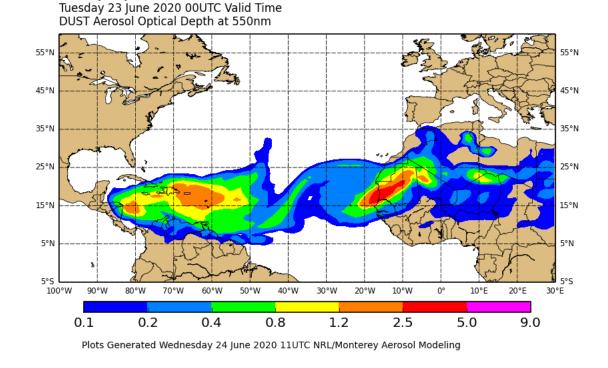
Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC MASINGAR Forecast t+000

Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC Valid Time

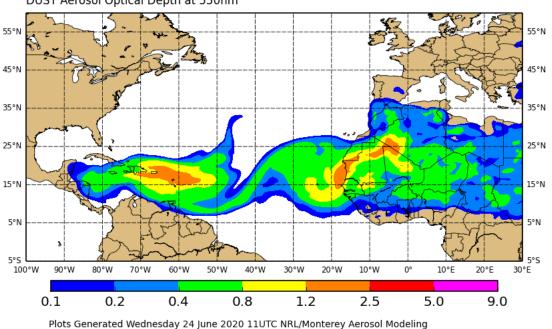
Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC GEOS-5 Forecast t+000 Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC Valid Time DUST Aerosol Optical Depth at 550nm



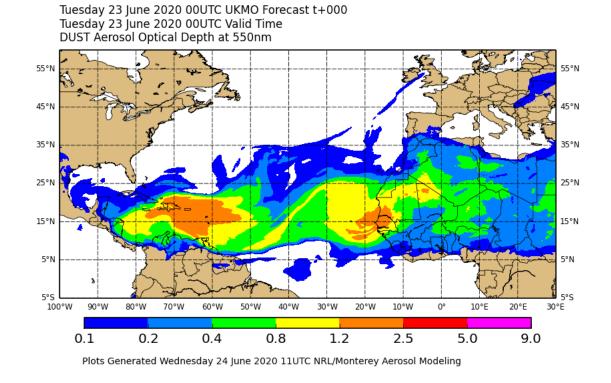
Plots Generated Wednesday 24 June 2020 11UTC NRL/Monterey Aerosol Modeling GEOS-5 model output produced by NASA Global Modeling and Assimilation Office



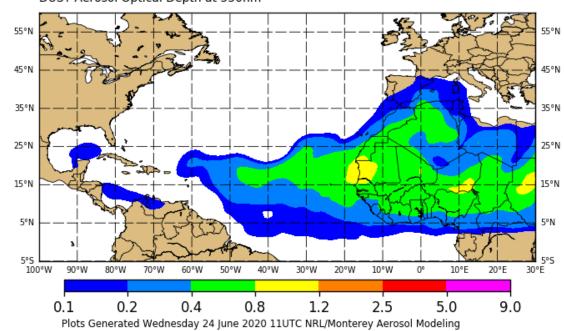
Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC CAMS Forecast t+000 Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC Valid Time DUST Aerosol Optical Depth at 550nm



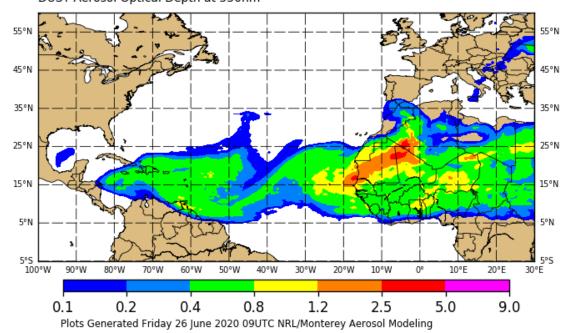
Models with aerosol data assimilation



Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC NGAC Forecast t+000 Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC Valid Time DUST Aerosol Optical Depth at 550nm

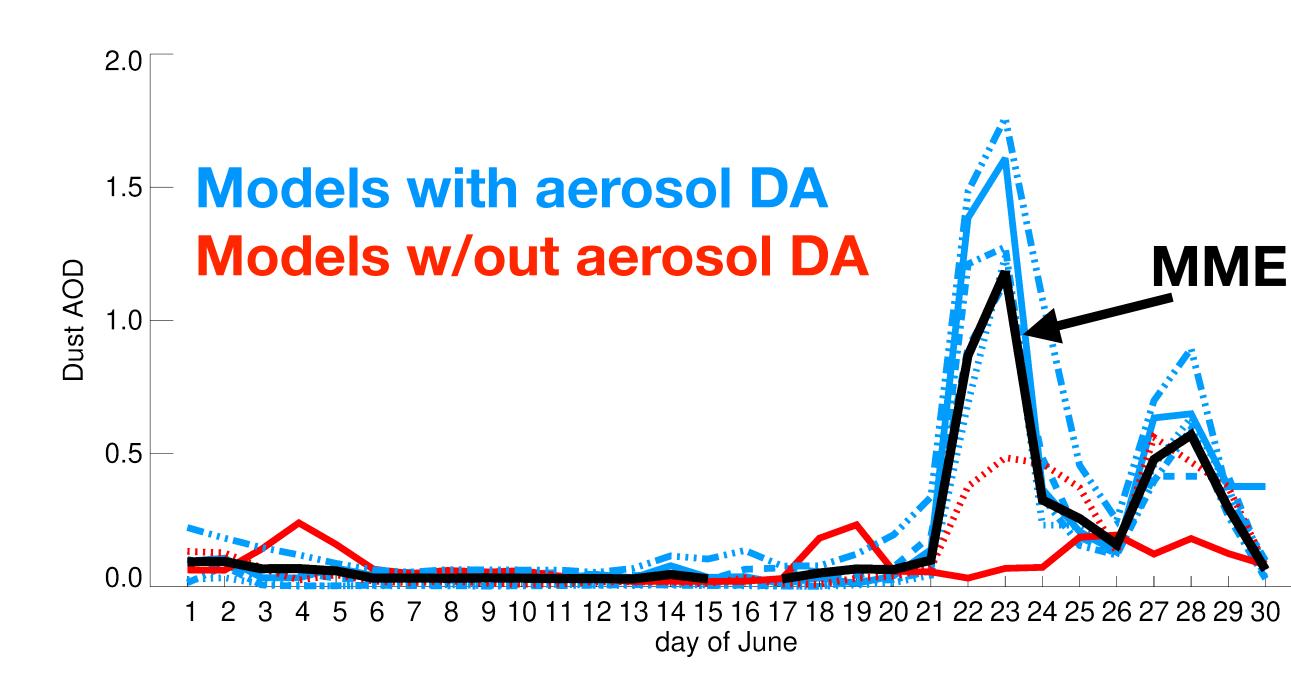


Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC MONARCHF Forecast t+000 Tuesday 23 June 2020 00UTC Valid Time DUST Aerosol Optical Depth at 550nm



Models with <u>no</u> aerosol data assimilation

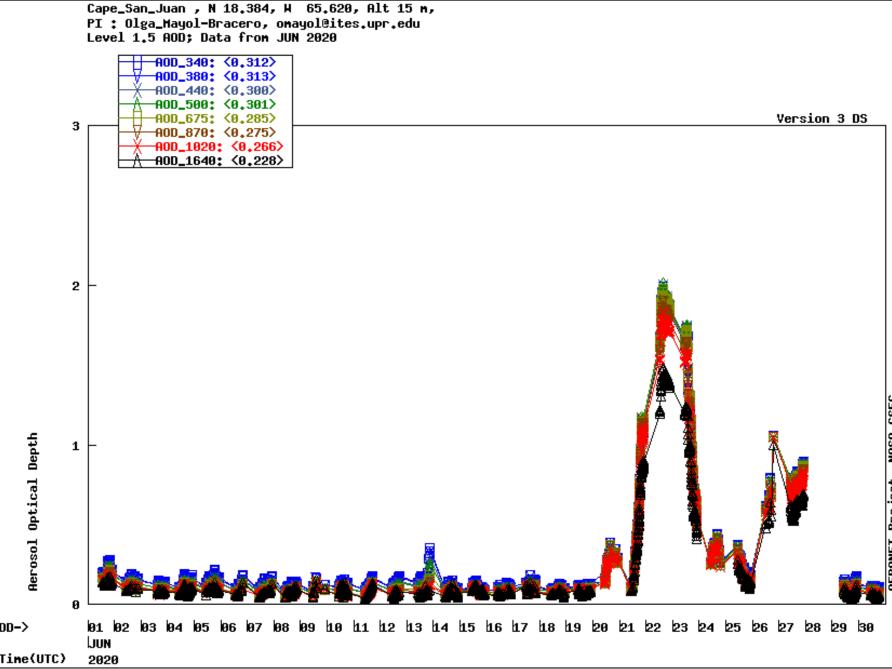
AOD at Cape San Juan, Puerto Rico



ICAP MME Individual Members Dust AOD

ECMWF/CAMS NASA/GEOS NRL/NAAPS JMA/MASINGAR UKMO/UM

BSC/MONARCH NCEP/NGAC



AERONET Level 1.5 AOD



Summary

- June 2020 event results in dust AOD in Caribbean a factor of ~2 larger than any other June episode in the last 6 years (at least)
- Intermodel variability for this event is high, also nearly a factor of 2 greater than what has been seen over the comparison period
- Models with aerosol data assimilation show better match the observed AOD peak than those without
- Further work is needed to unravel individual model's dust schemes and sensitivity to driving meteorology to untangle this diversity

