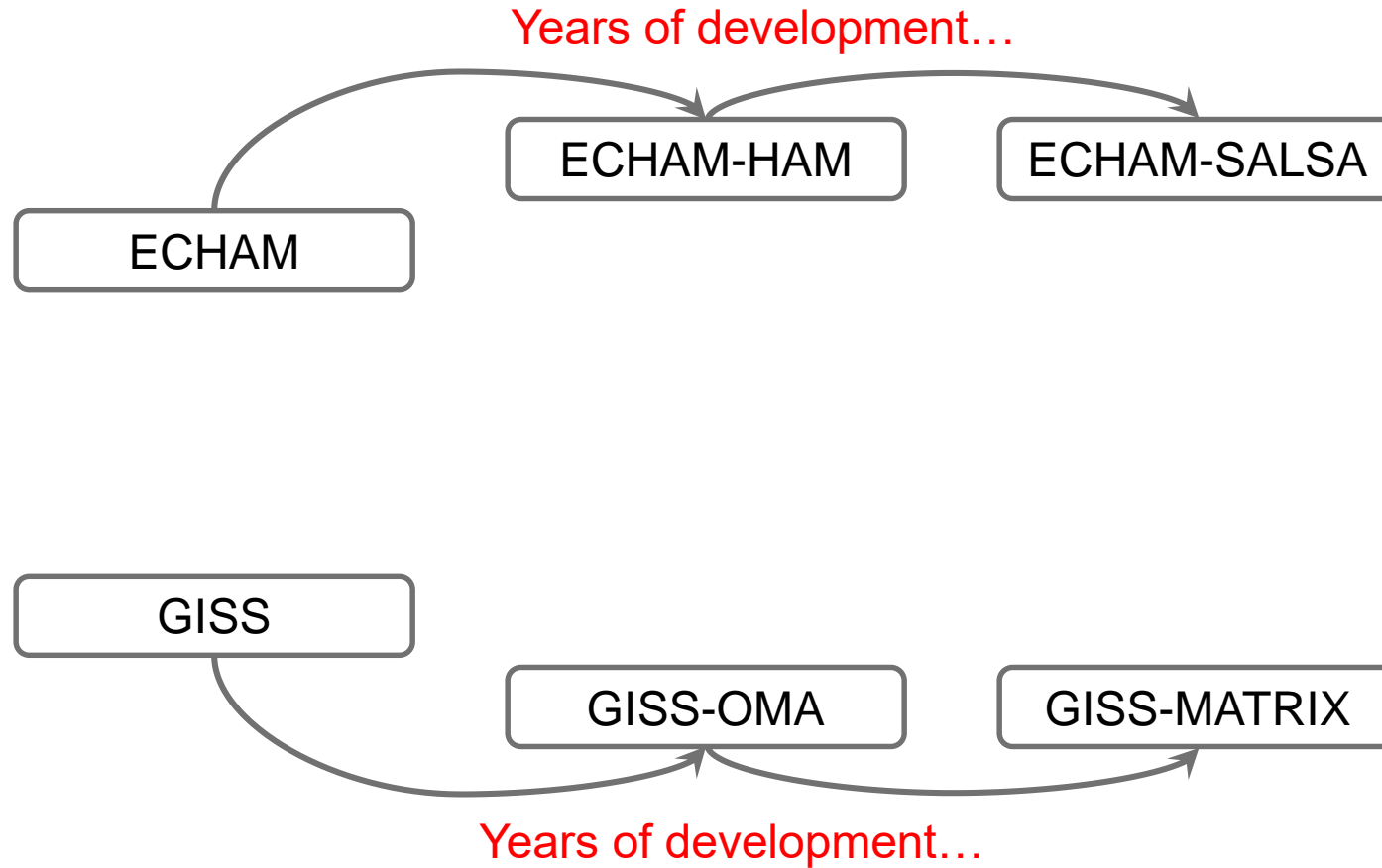


MUSICAL: Leveraging MUSICA to innovate on the aerosol/chemistry science across US weather/climate models

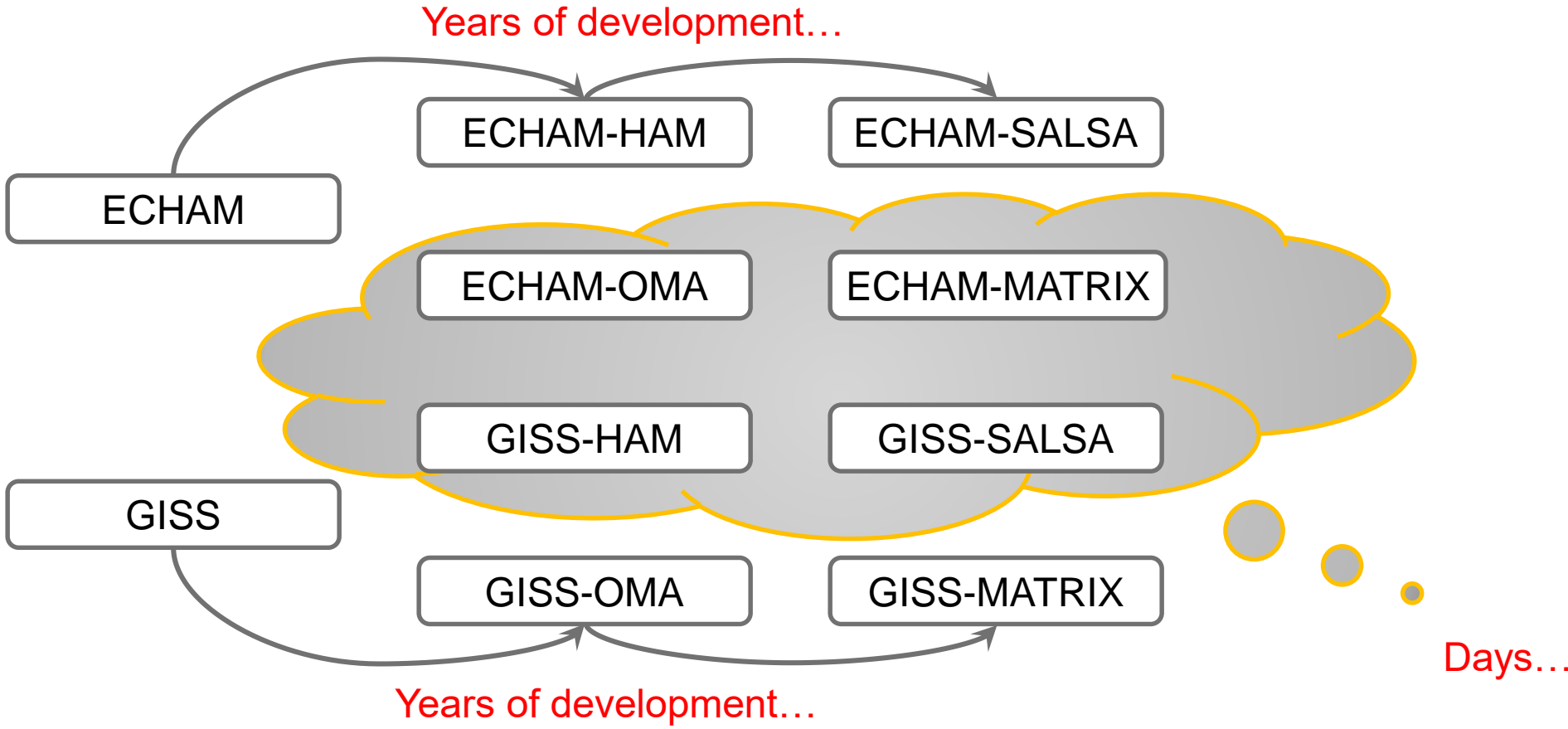
Abstract modeling interface for chemistry and aerosols

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Real life example



Imagine...



Goals/motivation for discussing a unified interface

- Pros
 - Can do more science: swap in and out different modules in different models.
 - Good for university/independent folks (can get funding from more sources).
 - Use ESMF framework, so build on other efforts.
 - New Earth System Prediction possible funding?
 - Opportunity right now: MUSICA trying to build WRF/CESM framework: can we make it broader?
 - Opportunity to get more funding?
- Cons
 - Some elements are so tied to physics: very hard.
 - Funding/agency priority issues.

(possible) Goals here

- Long term goal: build interface or set of interfaces that could be used by multiple modeling groups
- Short term: write a very short white paper describing why and send to program officers
 - ‘Workshops’ to identify needs.
 - Programmer funding to implement at different centers.
 - If everyone on this call decided to join: very convincing set of players for climate system/aerosol/chemistry group.

Associated challenges with the parameterization

- Difficult to add new species, update aerosol representation; or aerosol-cloud interactions.
- Lack of portability across platforms/host models.
- Lots of links to other components (radiation, clouds, chemistry) of the host model which makes it difficult to modify aerosol representation.
- Difficult to coordinate successive developments by multiple users.
- Changes in aerosol-related physics treatment make them hard to use. Would be easier if the changes can be flexibly switched on/off.
- Difficult to swap between model versions.
- One needs to be very familiar with the particular model to figure out the changes needed to make updates.
- When there are several aerosol schemes, the hooks to the host model are generally more generic.

Associated challenges with the host model interface

- It is all over the place in the host model.
- Lots of cross-dependencies with other components.
- Not a very clean programming interface.
- Not standardized.
- Interfacing with some components e.g. emissions is done by hand.